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Role of Law in Politics & Shaping the Society

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ABSTRACT

This entire research work majorly focuses on the relationship between the laws and politics and how they work together to make our society a much better place to live by maintaining peace and harmony. It's an attempt to show you from a much broader perspective about the pivotal roles played by the laws in framing the entire community as a whole and how it helps a nation to regulate and govern their state. It will make you aware of crucial factors affecting politics and how sometimes laws are even misused by some people to gain and attain their personal interest and benefits and how it affects the society at large. It also talks about the laws and politics have their own picture of reality and how sometimes those pictures gets overlap and differs. It examines the character of both, law and politics, the way in which they develop and how these laws effects the political discussions in the several context ranging from the domestic state level to international global level which includes factors like peace and security, economic relations, developmental goals and so many things likewise. It also shows how the politics prevails over the laws and sometimes disrupts the autonomy of the rule of law by which the purpose of the law gets fail ultimately. Laws are not only confined to resolve the conflicts rather how its actuality sometimes makes differences and so it becomes more contentious. Finally, it examines some of the major issues regarding the laws and politics where it also gives some sort of suggestions to fulfill the prime motto and purpose of the same.

Keywords: Law, Politics, Society, Authority, Nation

I. INTRODUCTION

Law and politics are very much interrelated and these are social process which are two emanations of the same branch though distinction in between law and politics at present situation of the human development, its important and indispensable. Politics is very important process which plays a vital role in establishing and governing the authorities by which the society functions at large and it makes everything stable by maintaining through certain types of power which is attained by people by their position and it all works in a paradigm. It all gets possible due to several laws where many kinds of rules are mentioned

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for the entire process which is followed by the people and these rules are made in such a way so that it do not derail the governance and it also ensures the balances between the state and its citizens which also brings the trust in the citizens towards the ruling authorities and these laws also gives certain rights and opportunities to the common people to question their governing bodies which brings much more stability and confidence among the citizens. These all becomes possible only when formal rigid laws exist and so by this we can understand how the laws are playing extremely important crucial role in maintaining everything and how important it becomes for any society to have laws to avoid any kind of chaotic situations. Laws makes everything very organized and without laws, nothing could be function in a right way rather lack of law may create panic and will make the situation worst. Laws regulates the authorities at every level within a nation and no matter how big or smaller nation is, it will always need certain laws to function and operate in a civilized manner. Laws are very crucial for anyone who lives in a society or community starting from a private flat in a building to international global level, laws exists everywhere which let us know about our duties and responsibilities towards other people living in the same society and to regulate these laws it needs certain bodies which ensures to make it functional in nature where politics plays major roles in establishing such bodies, working under certain demarcations set by other authorities and in this way, this entire system works together to achieve the mutual goals of establishing peace and harmony in the society, to facilitate the citizens and also to ensure all its regulation in several manners.

The law is primarily used for the establishment of specific state bodies which is so legitimate in nature by their means of specific performance of professional legal structure and different kinds of functioning. Basically laws are the individual legal norms and it appears by several means of different procedures like the legislative or criminal procedures where certain legal solutions are formed by the functioning of the state bodies and individuals. The interrelation of law and politics results into a very progressive manner and safeguards the functions which are carried out by the state at various level in nation and similarly determined by international organizations and institutions at international level which functions at global level for the establishment and making balance between the law and order by solving and preventing the societal as well as international conflicts. Law and politics, both, maybe together or separately, encourages for the development of the society and functions to bring justice and moreover all the functioning of legal institute reflects all the kinds of individual and collective political decisions which adhere a legal form in nature. Legal institutes always have a strong influence on politics maybe directly or indirectly in which they set certain

demarcations and also direct politics in much broader way to spread legal awareness on various of the legal ideologies.

II. EVOLUTION OF THE LAW

Man is a social animal who lives within a community and thus the need for the law and order, discipline, organized structure becomes very much important as it plays a pivotal role in the society. So with the time, certain kind of behavioral rules got developed and evolved along with the evolution of human communities, which got changed into various of social norms of cohabitation. The evolution of the entire community demanded and showed the need of having certain regulations and to ensure its applicability, community brought the penalties as well so that it could be applied to the individuals who were breaking and disobeying the laws. Does the very first form of the punishment for the severe violations of the rules used was the death penalty as the means of punishment but then later on, this death penalty was replaced by the persons exclusion from the entire community. With the time, the very first judicial norms came into being among these social cohabitation, behavioral factors and organization rules. The transformation of social and customized norms into the judicial norms and then the origin of the laws as complete independent entity occurred in the state as public power originated from Greek-Roman antiquity. As stated earlier that these set of rules and regulations as laws informal manual is a kind of social process which is incidental to the human society and so the Romans have even expressed their thought through the phrase, "ubi societas, ubi jus", which means that the laws occurs with the society itself. If we see it in Indian context, we will get to know about Manu who is considered to be the lawgiver and the very first legendary man of history who wrote laws in his book named Manu-smriti which is officially known as Manava-dharma-shastra. Laws are not static rather as per the demand of the time and situation, it keeps changing and reforms take place but its ultimate goal is always to maintain the society's peace and harmony and so it constantly keep developing with social--historical evolution. There are several categories in which laws are divided on the basis of different time periods which we study today and those classified periods are incipient. Laws which word emerged in the very early period of the primitive society, then comes the mediaeval laws with typical from Middle Ages and afterwards modern laws came into existence which were made during the beginning of the capitalism and at last comes the contemporary laws which majority focused on to shaping the common features for the different international public and as well as private laws. All these laws are grouped differently on the basis of their different dealings and those are the laws of democratic societies, socialist laws, the laws of developing countries, community laws and many more.

III. EMERGENCE OF THE POLITICS

Throughout the world, agriculture was getting developed and with the production of different crops and grains, it made dramatic changes in the human cultural systems and as people were settling in several localities and the population began growing rapidly, subsistence, patterns also started changing and getting transform, technologies became more advanced and so the views and the nature of social and political relation also got changed and so new forms of social and political relations between people living within the communities and different groups were established. So with all these events happening, emergence of a very new political system begin and these were very first steps in the evolution process of the state which allocated different powers to the people and were accepted by the people living in that community for mutual gain and development. During this time period, pre civilized hunter-gatherers society, small scale social groups were not having any political identity as formally but certain form of system was followed in between them which got evolved with the time. Then later on a very well organized large scale social group was formed which got civilized with the time, help and support of the people on large scale as everyone were cooperating and surviving together. In India, one of the great ancient Indian teacher, philosopher, economist, jurist and royal adviser of the king Mauryan empire; Chandragupta Maurya, who is also known as Kautilya, wrote a book named Arthashastra where he taught about state, politics, powers, political war strategies, diplomacy and on so many things. As the human civilization was getting advance with the time, the size of the political habitats were also growing in different political habitats with several sizes which demanded different kind of politics by which variations came into existence in between them. The variations were ranging from very local domestic level to international levels as well and then the global diversity affected the international inter-group politics and with such variations, many of the political perspective also emerged as people were having their own point of view and opinions regarding the same and all these worldviews were produced several ways to achieve the global political stability. In the present era if we look to the geopolitics, we will get to know how all the different nations are competing each other militarily, economically and politically as well to adhere much more power and hegemony over the world by maintaining their position of dominance in every sector.

IV. ANALYSIS OF THE CURRENT SCENARIO

In the present circumstances, due to the advancement in the information technology which brought complete revolution in extensive computer networking, wireless smart connections,

digital manipulations, transmitting data and servers. IT is playing very significant role in global communications by enabling and making it accessible to almost everyone which have made all of us much more independent at the global level. Different nations are specialized and have got famous in production of specific goods and raw materials, various services and extracting natural resources. In this day and age, very limited products are manufactured in a single country and this is an undeniable fact that people are consuming products daily from all over the globe and these all resulted in global interdependence. So combinedly all these things like global information network, global interdependence, global multiple cultures have led to globalization and these global diversity affects the entire international inter-group politics. Globalization also helped us so much in competitive global trading benefits for countries and it held to develop economy at large scale market and some nations to help their free trade policies like exempt tariff barriers for imports and exports and such liberal policies of nations is necessary and helping a lot for the global infrastructural which allows nation to develop their both domestic markets and international relations. At the domestic level, due to the foreign multinational companies and firms who are investing at massive scale, people are getting employed and due to that GDP of nations are also expanding and it all resulting in a very positive way. This kind of rapid growth and development was only possible because there were laws made regarding the same which played a very crucial role which every nation is following and here without regulations of law and organized politics, we could never have thought or imagine of such global achievements at all. Rules and regulations became our backbone support and people got agreed and respected each others' sovereignty without interfering in the personal matters of any nations, conducted various of summits, held meets, mutually supported each others and similarly at domestic levels even if we see specially focusing on India, the government bodies and law making authorities made several laws and amendments as according to their needs and facilitating its citizens and engaging them to learn and grow more, then making several public policies and welfare schemes, providing needs to the needy people, making a very healthy environment, giving rights to the citizens to make them confidence towards the administration and also in politics making everyone aware about the circumstances of the nation and then answering the questions raised by their oppositions and criticisms as well, trying to provide the best possible qualitative standards in every sector of the nation and a lot of steps and measures are still being taken by the government as per needs with the time and accordingly making policy for the collective growth of our entire society as a whole and at last we all stand on the humanitarian values.

V. CONCLUSION

In a very precise manner, the evolutionary origin of politics is generally based on the societies in which its prime purpose is to coordinate and cooperate among the people and individuals living in the society and making the civilization. Both law and politics have their own particular frame of reality and none of these pictures corresponds to reality at all and both of these are extremely important for our social life, maybe at some point of time they overlap or sometimes they may differ more or less, but still not confined to a particular bounded area and rather are being understood but actually used from a very local domestic level to the global international level. There is no such way of dividing up the whole field of law and politics and their works and functions as its being interlinked to each other but their functioning finalize ease of the laws are complex, dynamic and contradicting in nature and they give us directions in several ways. The functioning of the laws towards the politics for any purpose, may be national or even international as well, it broadly have some basic aspects and those are goals and obstacles which are always related and interlinked between the law and the politics. Law is very important and essential element of any social system and if it fails, everything will fall and collapse. At this particular stage when we all have so much of advancements in every aspects, we all must focus on making our unaware citizens more aware about their rights and duties, governing authorities should check and ensure the balances between the people, administration should must ensure about the implementation of laws at ground level and taking appropriate actions on time and if everything will be maintained properly and taken care, the nation will definitely grow. Law is primarily subjected to constant growth and development and its positive effects on the social life of individuals residing in the society, then the economy of any state keeps fluctuating as whole administrative and political activities of the entire society and so the law is never static in nature and it keeps changing. As per the need and demand of the society with the time. any kind of legal changes or development comes with the changes in the culture of the legal elite, the law making bodies and it's determined as above all. Finally the law framed the whole society and the entire political system and it is based upon the principles and different types of regularities of the laws.
